Restoring Our Refuges: A Plan for Arkansas





Red-cockaded woodpeckers need at least 120 acres of foraging habitat for every cluster of trees with nest cavities. Lack of high quality foraging habitat may be limiting the population. Felsenthal National Wildlife Refuge hopes to implement a red-cockaded woodpecker management plan, including intensive nest recruitment and monitoring. The refuge will also manage more than 8,000 acres of upland forest for the woodpecker, working with neighboring landowners whenever it can.



Cache River National Wildlife Refuge, which contains RAMSAR-designated "Wetlands of International Importance," has been forced to delete two Assistant Manager positions due to budget shortfalls. The cut has hindered the ability to maintain and improve habitats for endangered species such as the Ivory-billed woodpecker, once feared extinct, but recently rediscovered on the refuge. Surveying, monitoring and research efforts have also been hampered.



Big Lake National Wildlife Refuge, Arkansas

The National Wildlife Refuge System struggles to meet its wildlife conservation mission

In Arkansas alone, 66 mission-critical projects sit on the shelf.

Arkansas is home to spectacular natural resources on 10 national wildlife refuges. These wildlife refuges are national treasures, protecting some of the country's most important waterfowl and migratory bird habitat.

In 2008, over 1 million visitors enjoyed hiking, birding, wildlife photography, environmental education, and hunting and fishing on Arkansas refuges.

Yet, national wildlife refuges in Arkansas may not be able to continue protecting wildlife and offering world-class recreation. Arkansas wildlife refuges are saddled with deferred operations and maintenance projects that exceed \$152.8 million.

Today, the state's wildlife refuges need at least 52 additional positions. Those include 24 wildlife biologists, 8 guides and educators, and 17 essential maintenance and enforcement personnel. Without these people, Arkansas refuges will fall further behind in meeting the demand.

What's the solution? CARE recommends \$514 million for the Refuge System's FY 2010 Operations and Maintenance budget and an increase to at least \$765 million by FY 2013

About C.A.R.E.

The Cooperative Alliance for Refuge Enhancement is a diverse coalition of 22 conservation, recreation, sporting, and scientific organizations with more than 14 million members and supporters across the United States. CARE has been working since 1995 to help the National Wildlife Refuge System fight a serious funding crisis.

American Birding Association American Fisheries Society American Sportfishing Association Assateague Coastal Trust Congressional Sportsmen's Foundation **Defenders of Wildlife** Ducks Unlimited Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies Izaak Walton League of America National Audubon Society National Rifle Association of America National Wildlife Federation National Wildlife Refuge Association Safari Club International The Corps Network The Nature Conservancy The Wilderness Society The Wildlife Society Trout Unlimited U.S. Sportsmen's Alliance Wildlife Forever Wildlife Management Institute

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Saddled with declining purchasing power and a \$3.5 billion backlog of deferred operations and maintenance projects, the National Wildlife Refuge System is in a financial vise.

The Refuge System needs an annual increase of \$15 million in its operations budget just to keep pace with inflation and demand. The Refuge System welcomed more than 41.2 million visitors in 2008, up from 33 million in 1998.

National Wildlife Refuges are undeniable economic engines. According to the *Banking on Nature* report from the FWS:

- Spending by visitors to refuges generated more than \$1.7 billion of sales nationwide, created 27,000 jobs in local communities and added \$543 million in employment income. These economic data do not include Alaska or Pacific island refuges, which together generate millions of annual visitors.
- At White River National Wildlife Refuge in Arkansas, for every \$1 appropriated to the refuge's budget, over \$15 are generated in expenditures to the local economy. Visitor spending totaled \$11.2 million, generating 219 jobs, \$4.1 million in employment income and nearly \$2 million in total tax revenue.

Yet, according to Management Systems International, a respected business consultant, the Refuge System has seen its real purchasing power decline by 11 percent between fiscal years 2003 and 2008.

The Government Accountability Office found that with continuing funding constraints and an expanding list of challenges, it may be difficult to maintain the Refuge System as envisioned in law – "where the biological integrity, diversity, and environmental health of the Refuge System are maintained; priority visitor services are provided; and the strategic growth of the system is continued."

There is a solution to safeguard the world's finest network of public lands dedicated to wildlife conservation: \$514 million in FY 2010 for the National Wildlife Refuge System and an increase to at least \$765 million by FY 2013 – steps that will restore operational quality and begin to chip away at the deferred operations and maintenance backlog.